

# Electric Circuits II – Assignment 08

#	Student ID	Student Name	Grade (10)
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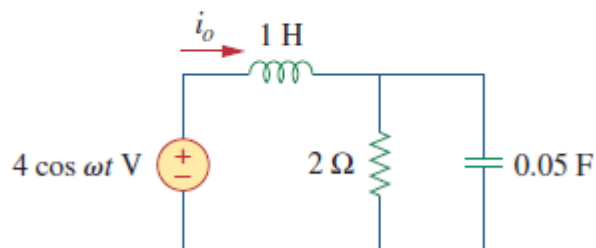
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١. يتم تسليم التمرين محلولا في خلال أسبوع من تاريخ التمرين، و يتم حذف درجتين من التمرين عن كل أسبوع تأخير
٢. يتم التسليم لمعيد المقرر مباشرة
٣. تتم أجابه التمرين في نفس ورق الأسئلة

Q1

In the circuit of Fig. , find  $i_o$  when:

- (a)  $\omega = 1 \text{ rad/s}$      (b)  $\omega = 5 \text{ rad/s}$   
(c)  $\omega = 10 \text{ rad/s}$



Sol 1

.....  
... (a) For  $\omega = 1$ ,

1 H  $\longrightarrow j\omega L = j(1)(1) = j$  .....

0.05 F  $\longrightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j(1)(0.05)} = -j20$  .....

$Z = j + 2 \parallel (-j20) = j + \frac{-j40}{2 - j20} = 1.98 + j0.802$  .....

$I_o = \frac{V}{Z} = \frac{4\angle 0^\circ}{1.98 + j0.802} = \frac{4\angle 0^\circ}{2.136\angle 22.05^\circ} = 1.872\angle -22.05^\circ$  .....

Hence, .....

$i_o(t) = 1.872 \cos(t - 22.05^\circ) \text{ A}$  .....

.....  
(b) For  $\omega = 5$ ,

1 H  $\longrightarrow j\omega L = j(5)(1) = j5$  .....

0.05 F  $\longrightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j(5)(0.05)} = -j4$  .....

$Z = j5 + 2 \parallel (-j4) = j5 + \frac{-j4}{1 - j2} = 1.6 + j4.2$  .....

$I_o = \frac{V}{Z} = \frac{4\angle 0^\circ}{1.6 + j4} = \frac{4\angle 0^\circ}{4.494\angle 69.14^\circ} = 0.89\angle -69.14^\circ$  .....

Hence, .....

$i_o(t) = 890 \cos(5t - 69.14^\circ) \text{ mA}$  .....

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(c) For  $\omega = 10$ ,

$$1\text{ H} \longrightarrow j\omega L = j(10)(1) = j10$$

$$0.05\text{ F} \longrightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j(10)(0.05)} = -j2$$

$$Z = j10 + 2 \parallel (-j2) = j10 + \frac{-j4}{2 - j2} = 1 + j9$$

$$I_o = \frac{V}{Z} = \frac{4\angle 0^\circ}{1 + j9} = \frac{4\angle 0^\circ}{9.055\angle 83.66^\circ} = 0.4417\angle -83.66^\circ$$

Hence,

$$i_o(t) = 441.7\cos(10t - 83.66^\circ)\text{ mA}$$

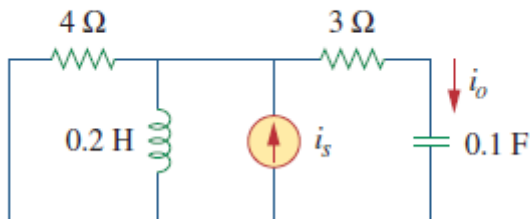


Q2	<p style="text-align: center;">Calculate <math>i(t)</math> in the circuit of Fig.</p>
Sol 2	<p>.....</p> <p><math>\omega = 200</math></p> <p>... <math>10 \text{ mH} \longrightarrow j\omega L = j(200)(10 \times 10^{-3}) = j2</math>      .....</p> <p>... <math>5 \text{ mF} \longrightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j(200)(5 \times 10^{-3})} = -j</math>      .....</p> <p>... <math>Y = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{j2} + \frac{1}{3-j} = 0.25 - j0.5 + \frac{3+j}{10} = 0.55 - j0.4</math>      .....</p> <p>... <math>Z = \frac{1}{Y} = \frac{1}{0.55 - j0.4} = 1.1892 + j0.865</math>      .....</p> <p>... <math>I = \frac{6 \angle 0^\circ}{5 + Z} = \frac{6 \angle 0^\circ}{6.1892 + j0.865} = 0.96 \angle -7.956^\circ</math>      .....</p> <p>Thus,</p> <p>... <math>i(t) = 960 \cos(200t - 7.956^\circ) \text{ mA}</math>      .....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p> <p>.....</p>



Q3

If  $i_s = 5 \cos(10t + 40^\circ)$  A in the circuit of Fig. find  $i_o$ .



Sol 3

$$i_s = 5 \cos(10t + 40^\circ) \longrightarrow I_s = 5 \angle 40^\circ$$

$$0.1 \text{ F} \longrightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j(10)(0.1)} = -j$$

$$0.2 \text{ H} \longrightarrow j\omega L = j(10)(0.2) = j2$$

... Let  $Z_1 = 4 \parallel j2 = \frac{j8}{4 + j2} = 0.8 + j1.6$ ,  $Z_2 = 3 - j$

$$I_o = \frac{Z_1}{Z_1 + Z_2} I_s = \frac{0.8 + j1.6}{3.8 + j0.6} (5 \angle 40^\circ)$$

$$I_o = \frac{(1.789 \angle 63.43^\circ)(5 \angle 40^\circ)}{3.847 \angle 8.97^\circ} = 2.325 \angle 94.46^\circ$$

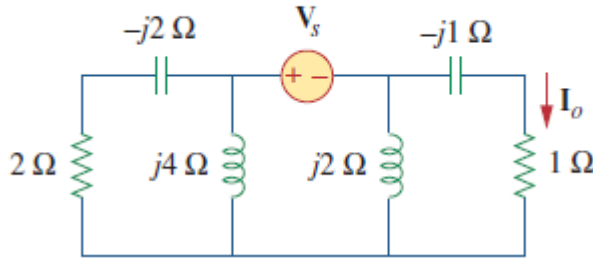
... Thus,

$$i_o(t) = 2.325 \cos(10t + 94.46^\circ) \text{ A}$$



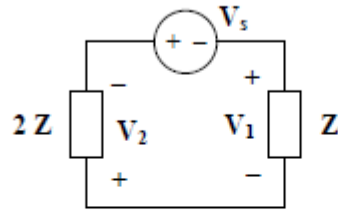
Q4

In the circuit of Fig. find  $V_s$  if  $I_o = 2\angle 0^\circ$  A.



Sol 4

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Since the left portion of the circuit is twice as large as the right portion, the equivalent circuit is shown below. ....



$$V_1 = I_o(1 - j) = 2(1 - j)$$

$$V_2 = 2V_1 = 4(1 - j)$$

$$V_2 + V_s + V_1 = 0 \text{ or}$$

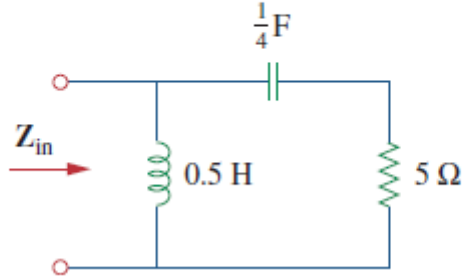
$$V_s = -V_1 - V_2 = -6(1 - j) = (6\angle 180^\circ)(1.4142\angle -45^\circ)$$

$$V_s = 8.485\angle 135^\circ \text{ V}$$

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Q5

For the network in Fig. find  $Z_{in}$ . Let  $\omega = 10$  rad/s.



Sol 5

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...  $0.25F \rightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j10 \times 0.25} = -j0.4$  .....

...  $0.5H \rightarrow j\omega L = j10 \times 0.5 = j5$  .....

...  $Z_{in} = j5 \parallel (5 - j0.4) = \frac{(5 \angle 90^\circ)(5.016 \angle -4.57^\circ)}{6.794 \angle 42.61^\circ} = 3.691 \angle 42.82^\circ$  .....

...  $= (2.707 + j2.509) \Omega$  .....

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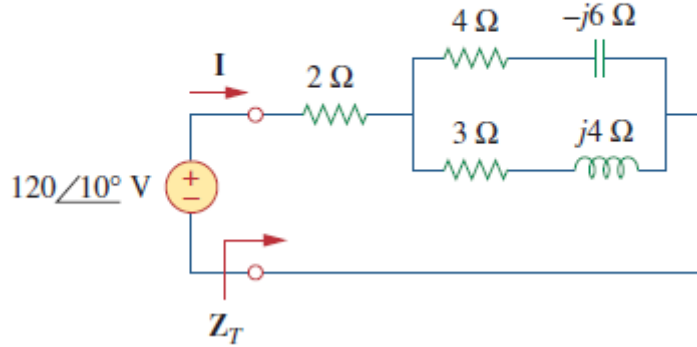
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Q6

Determine  $Z_T$  and  $I$  for the circuit in Fig.



Sol 6

$$Z_T = 2 + (4 - j6) \parallel (3 + j4)$$

$$Z_T = 2 + \frac{(4 - j6)(3 + j4)}{7 - j2}$$

$$Z_T = 6.83 + j1.094 \Omega = 6.917 \angle 9.1^\circ \Omega$$

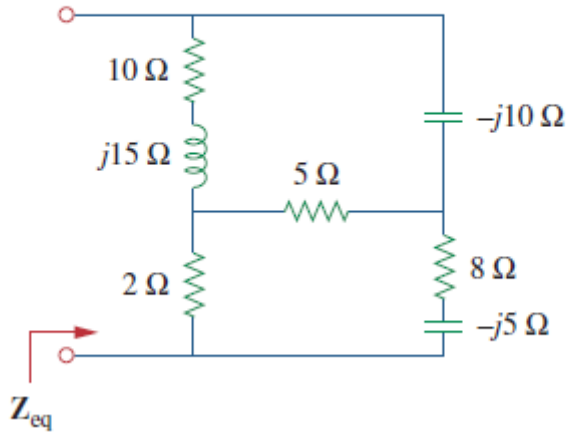
$$I = \frac{V}{Z_T} = \frac{120 \angle 10^\circ}{6.917 \angle 9.1^\circ} = 17.35 \angle 0.9^\circ \text{ A}$$





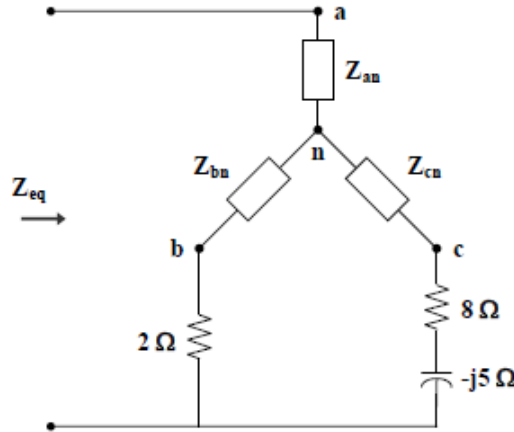
Q7

Find the equivalent impedance of the circuit in Fig.



Sol 7

Make a delta-to-wye transformation as shown in the figure below.



$$Z_{an} = \frac{(-j10)(10 + j15)}{5 - j10 + 10 + j15} = \frac{(10)(15 - j10)}{15 + j5} = 7 - j9$$

$$Z_{bn} = \frac{(5)(10 + j15)}{15 + j5} = 4.5 + j3.5$$

$$Z_{cn} = \frac{(5)(-j10)}{15 + j5} = -1 - j3$$

$$Z_{eq} = Z_{an} + (Z_{bn} + 2) \parallel (Z_{cn} + 8 - j5)$$

$$Z_{eq} = 7 - j9 + (6.5 + j3.5) \parallel (7 - j8)$$

$$Z_{eq} = 7 - j9 + \frac{(6.5 + j3.5)(7 - j8)}{13.5 - j4.5}$$

$$Z_{eq} = 7 - j9 + 5.511 - j0.2$$

$$Z_{eq} = 12.51 - j9.2 = 15.53 \angle -36.33^\circ \Omega$$